ABSTRACT

The primary objective of this study is to create a set of detailed profiles of web advertisements known to recruit victims into human trafficking and use those profiles to classify other advertisements into the same category. The data used in this study are advertisements involving the sex trade scraped from Backpage.com. These advertisements provide evidence of certain key factors that are indicative of human trafficking. Some factors associated with human trafficking are phone numbers, locations and geographical range, frequency of ads, and specific syntax usage.

INTRODUCTION

The human trafficking epidemic is one of the most prevalent, pressing issues faced by America today. According to DoSomething.org, human trafficking is the third largest international crime industry and, in turn, generates billions of dollars. Trafficking involves exploitation in many forms: forcing victims into prostitution, subjecting victims to slavery or involuntary servitude and compelling victims to commit sex acts for the purpose of creating pornography. Women and girls make up the bulk of the over 4 million victims being coerced into human trafficking with the false promises of things such as economic opportunity and a life of independence. Many victims are runaways or other at-risk individuals who are by-nature impressionable and vulnerable to deceit. One of the major avenues that human traffickers use to recruit victims is online advertising. Using advertisements on websites such as Backpage.com, an innocent victim is easily connected to a predator. Law enforcement agencies investigate these advertisements in an attempt to locate victims and their abductors. Using contextual analysis, characteristics of profiles thought to be associated with human trafficking are constructed. Then, a new ad is compared to each of the profiles and assigned a score representing how likely the ad is to be associated with the human trafficking profile. These profiles can be used by law enforcement to minimize the set of advertisements that need to be investigated, reducing the amount of time officers spend sifting through advertisements. With fewer ads to investigate, human trafficking becomes an easier problem to solve.

METHODS

This study used advertisements scraped from Backpage.com, which included 531,128 observations and 23 variables. These observations were collected by our team and span in time from 2013 to late 2018. A second dataset, produced with help of the Louisiana State Police, contains 1,685 records of verified human trafficking ads. The second dataset will be used to create a profile in which all other ads will be compared to.

1 See “11 Facts About Human Trafficking.”, DoSomething.org
2 See “Human Trafficking Statistics & Facts.”, Safe Horizon
3 See “Facts on Human Trafficking.”, Sisters of Mercy
DATA PREPERATION

WebHarvy.com offers this explanation of web scraping:

Data displayed by most websites can only be viewed using a web browser. They do not offer the functionality to save a copy of this data for personal use. The only option then is to manually copy and paste the data - a very tedious job which can take many hours or sometimes days to complete. **Web Scraping** is the technique of automating this process, so that instead of manually copying the data from websites, the **Web Scraping software** will perform the same task within a fraction of the time.

When information from the advertisements is extracted from Backpage.com, the important information is surrounded by code that formats how it is displayed in an internet browser. The format code is removed, leaving blocks of text that needed to be analyzed. This raw data is then further refined to extract useful information such as phone numbers, text, dates, and locations.

In order to format the data in an easily interpretable way, variables such as **Ad Category**, **Ad Content**, **Posting Body**, **Location**, **Date**, and **Phone Number** were created. The parsing program was able to identify and extract this information from nearly 90% of the advertisements, even when the individuals posting the ads attempted to evade text-mining software. For example, letters and symbols were inserted into phone numbers; a 10-digit phone number could be represented as `7eight5-0l3-259b`. The parsing program used the SASPy framework for Python to translate the deceptive information into a usable phone number.

Finally, in order to investigate the geographic location in which the advertisement originated, the **City** variable was parsed from the **Location** variable, then merged with a list of all existing latitudes and longitudes by city.

ANALYSIS

Once the data was formatted for analysis, the team chose to use the new **SAS® Viya** software for text-mining and visualization. A profile for recruiting ads was created as a baseline to identify other possible recruiting ads.

RECRUITING

Recruiting ads are a small category that take up 0.3% of all ads. It is the highest priority for analysis, because the contact information in these ads may provide direct links to the human traffickers and pimps (i.e., phone numbers, email addresses, and more). An example of a recruiting ad is below:

"**DAILY CASH PAYOUTS $500-1200** daily Safe professional clients -- WE SCREEN ALL. Upscale locations All bookings and advertising provided A decade of experience Innovative and organized management WHO WE EXPECT TO WORK WITH: Attractive females 27-45 YRS Sexy and open-minded and personality Must be reliable and trustworthy Must have a reliable car Must be NOT OVERWEIGHT Must always remember that CLIENT SATISFACTION IS NUMBER ONE Priority SEND 1 PHOTO AND CONTACT INFO WHEN REPLYING!! WE WILL CONTACT YOU IF INTERESTED WITHIN 24 HRS."

Some of the most notable information that describes the recruiting ads is the geographic range. Based on feedback from victims who have escaped, it appears that recruiters often remove the victims from their usual environment and quickly move them into a new, unfamiliar place, often across state lines. In the map below, we see that there are ads in
many different cities and states. Tampa, specifically, has the highest concentration of recruiting ads with 1,243 observations.

Figure 1

Figure 1. Map of Recruitment Ads

Below is a list of the top 10 most used phone numbers in recruiting ads. It is interesting to note the number of ads associated with each phone number. The most used phone number has 230 uses, which is strongly indicative of a human trafficking ring or organization.

Figure 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Phone</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7272174110</td>
<td>230</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7276234810</td>
<td>230</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7278272903</td>
<td>225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7279548887</td>
<td>220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7272534995</td>
<td>220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8135404094</td>
<td>66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8779768889</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3342032829</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8053083934</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016869604</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 2. Top 10 Recruiting Phone Numbers

Most importantly, we must note the key terms associated with recruiting ads. Topic modelling can be described as a method for finding a group of words (i.e topic) from a collection of documents that best represents the information in the collection. It can also be thought of as a form of text mining – a way to obtain recurring patterns of words in textual material\(^4\). When the text mining pipeline was run, the results indicated that most ads fall

\(^4\) See “KDnuggets.” KDnuggets Analytics Big Data Data Mining and Data Science
under a topic involving modeling and careers, with over 400 ads saying generally the same thing. As stated earlier, women are being victimized by the prospect of modeling and careers they never would have had otherwise.

Figure 3
Topics (26)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Created by</th>
<th>Documents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>+interest, modeling, +career, +model, modeling</td>
<td>User</td>
<td>414</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+model, modeling, +career, +interest, number</td>
<td>System</td>
<td>378</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 3. Example Recruiting Topics
When this topic is examined, all matches associated with it are assigned a relevancy score, indicating how well a document satisfies a rule or model. The best match has a score of 1 and reflects a perfect (100%) match. Our model’s top classification is the match below.

Figure 4

With this information in mind, we can take a more in-depth look at a bigger group of advertisements and find more possible cases of human trafficking.

CLASSIFYING OTHER ADS
Using the geographical range, phone numbers, and topics from the already-known recruiting ads, we can classify ads from our second, larger data set. Upon further review of the other advertisements, we can see the even larger geographical range from the increase in ads.

Figure 5

Figure 5. Map of Advertisement Locations in Dataset 2
A further look into the phone numbers is even more revealing. Out of the top phone numbers, 19 out of 20 used in the recruiting ads were used in other, completely different
ads. For example, the phone number (813) 540-4094 has the following two ads associated with it:

"Adult Entertainers: Make Today! We’re looking for new faces. attractive Females escorts Wanted for up-Scale Adult Establishment. Please tell us about yourself and send face and body pics to e-mail: thelingeriestudiotampa@gmail.com”


Although completely different syntax, their general nature is the same. We can, in turn, conclude that they came from the same source and for the same purpose.

The most compelling piece of evidence, however, comes from the use of the best fitting topic created for the recruiting advertisements. Using the concept node in the SAS® Viya text mining software, the team created a custom concept that addressed the same key terms as did the topic. Using this, we can see hundreds of other advertisements that likely have the same motive. Below is an example:

"Ladies ONLY, Looking to become the next BIG ADULT SUPER STAR? Come join our ELITE talent management company! Have fun and be safe STARRING in NON DEGRADING HIGH END Adult Film Magazines ie. Penthouse Hustler Cheri etc. $800+/per shoot. STEADY, LONG TERM, QUICK, AND EASY MONEY! PLUS FREE HOUSING!! SAVE $200/WK THAT THE OTHER AGENTS CHARGE AND YOU WON’T EVEN GET YOUR OWN ROOM OR BATHROOM. WE CAN ACCOMODATE THAT TOO! WE HAVE 2 OTHER MODEL HOUSES THAT YOU WILL NOT HAVE TO SHARE YOUR ROOM OR BATHROOM FOR THE SAME FEE. PLENTY OF REFERENCES, WE ARE HAPPY TO PUT YOU ON THE PHONE WITH OUR CURRENT MODELS. Just text some smiling selfies and bikini pics, or give a call to Company owner Bella. If email is easier for you, you can just email pictures to her”

Above is a promise of fame and fortune that any unsuspecting woman could easily fall victim to.

CONCLUSION

Human trafficking ads are posted many times every day, all across the country. When profiles are created based on the geographical range, phone numbers, and topics within the text, newer advertisements can be classified into the dangerous recruiting category. Ads related to human trafficking are constantly updated, so we suggest an ongoing web scrape to help to detect current activity. For future studies, we suggest a focus on commonly used phone numbers to discover phone numbers associated with specific advertisements. With a focus on frequent phone numbers, movement patterns of both individuals and organizations can be tracked.

With this information, state and federal police can pinpoint rings, predators, and individual advertisements at risk for potential human trafficking violations. By doing that, potential victims are spared, and lives are saved.
REFERENCES


ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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RECOMMENDED READING


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