

# SAS Tips and Tricks

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**TASS**  
**09 FEBRUARY 2018**

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- **DLCREATEDIR recursive macro**

# DLCREATE recursive macro

3

- From December 2017 TASS meeting, we learned:

## DLCREATEDIR

```
options DLCREATEDIR; ** ← Turn on the SAS system option  
to create a directory if it does not already exist **;
```

```
libname TASS "C:/TASS";
```

```
data TASS.TEMP;
```

```
    x=1;
```

```
run;
```

```
9  options DLCREATEDIR; ** <-- Turn on the SAS system  
option to create a directory if it  
9  ! does not already exist **;  
10 libname TASS "C:/TASS";  
NOTE: Library TASS was created.  
NOTE: Libref TASS was successfully assigned as follows:  
Engine:          V9  
Physical Name: C:\TASS  
  
12 data TASS.TEMP;  
13     x=1;  
14 run;  
  
NOTE: The data set TASS.TEMP has 1 observations and 1  
variables.  
NOTE: DATA statement used (Total process time):  
    real time           1.29 seconds  
    cpu time             0.00 seconds  
  
    cpu time             0.00 seconds
```

# DLCREATE recursive macro (2)

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- We also learned :

## Usage:

1. `options NODLCREATEDIR;` <-- to switch this option off
2. `DLCREATEDIR` is available from 9.3 on.
3. Creates a single level only

```
libname TASS2017 "C:/TASS/2017/September";
```

```
libname TASS2017 "C:/TASS/";
```

```
libname TASS2017 "C:/TASS/2017";
```

```
libname TASS2017 "C:/TASS/2017/September";
```

# DLCREATE recursive macro (3)

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- A possible solution for UNIX:

```
%macro cdir(mylib, mypath);
options dlcreatedir;
  data have_xyzyzy;
    orig_var = "&mypath.";
  run;
  proc sql noprint;
    select max(count(orig_var,'/')) into :maxelements from have_xyzyzy;
  quit;
  %put number of levels = &maxelements.;

  %do i = 1 %to &maxelements.;
    data _null_;
      length mypat $160.;
      drek = "&mypath.";
      mypat = "";
      do c = 1 to &i.;
        mypat = compress(mypat || '/' || scan(drek,c,'/'));
      end;
      call symput('mypat',mypat) ;
    run;
    %put loop# = &i. path = &mypat.;
    libname &mylib. "&mypat.";
  %end;
%mend;
%cdir(temp3, /sasdata/rsk/prs/devvol02/mytemp1/mytemp2/mytemp3);
```

# DLCREATE recursive macro (4)

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- A possible solution for UNIX:

```
%macro cdir(mylib, mypath);
options dlcreatedir;
  data have_xyzzy;
    orig_var = "&mypath.";
  run;
  proc sql noprint;
    select max(count(orig_var,'/')) into :maxelements from have_xyzzy;
  quit;
  %put number of levels = &maxelements.;

  %do i = 1 %to &maxelements.;
    data _null_;
      length mypat $160.;
      drek = "&mypath.";
      mypat = "";
      do c = 1 to &i.;
        mypat = compress(mypat || '/' || scan(drek,c,'/'));
      end;
      call symput('mypat',mypat) ;
    run;
    %put looper = &i. path = &mypat.;
    libname &mylib. "&mypat.";
  %end;
%mend;
%cdir(temp3, /sasdata/rsk/prs/devvol02/mytemp1/mytemp2/mytemp3);
```

Sets local macro variable to count number of levels on the directory

Concatenates recursive string variable

Sets path as a macro variable

Sets lib reference and creates directory if necessary

