

Your Child's Temperament

All of us are born with a unique temperament, which is that our way of viewing and interacting with the world around us. Understanding both your own and your child's temperament will help you see your child as an individual and adapt your parenting style to be more effective in preventing and managing conflicts. There are generally nine different temperament traits. According to *The Preventive Ounce*, 3 of those traits are seen as most significant, followed by another 3 that come in second in significance. The traits below are grouped in descending order.

Activity, Energy or Movement

The amount of energy and activity your child generally has

Scale:	1	2	3	4	5	
Positive:	Can easily sit still			Loves to explore; great athle		
Negative:	May be seen as lazy			May be labeled "hyperactive"		
Strategy:	Plan & encourage activit	У		Allow for tin	ne to cool after activity	

Adaptibility

How easily your child can adapt to a change in routine or comfort with surprises

Scale:	1	2	3	4	5	
Positive:	Less likely to accept ne	gative influences		Accepts positive inf		
Negative:	Seen as "difficult" by c	aregivers	May be easily influenced b			
Strategy:	Allow time for child to	adjust to change		Monitor negative influences as they		
	(set alarm clock 10-15	min earlier			be easily swayed	

Persistence or Frustration

How easily frustrated your child gets or how long their attention span is. Do they give up easily at a task or refuse to give up until it is mastered?

Scale:	1	2	3	4	5
Positive:	Easier to distract or leave an when needed	activity			High achiever
Negative:	Not as efficient at difficult tagives up quickly	isks;			Ignores others when absorbed in a task
Strategy:	Help them with organization give adequate time for comp				plenty of warning when uption is needed (timer)

Sensitivity

How aware your child is of sounds, taste, temperature or emotions.

Scale:	1	2	3	4	5
Positive:	Rarely complains				Sensitive to others
Negative:	Doesn't pick up on cues may avoid negative stim			• 1	ut clothes, lights, etc. & eeping or concentrating
Strategy:	Help them develop awar surroundings	reness of			rstimulation. Help them w they feel and develop avoidance techniques

Perceptiveness or Distraction

How easily your child is distracted by environment and thrown off course

Scale:	1	2	3	4	5	
Positive:	Works well in noisy, bu	well in noisy, busy environment			t when crying or upset	
Negative:	May not notice subtle s	igns from others		May have trouble staying on task a completing activit		
Strategy:	Don't assume child is i make eye contact	gnoring you;			own into smaller steps. Give clear instructions.	

Regularity

How regular or predictable your child is with eating, sleeping and elimination

Scale:	1	2	3	4	5	
Positive:	Isn't bothered with chan (vacation, new school)	ges			Very predictable	
Negative:	Unpredictable; never ea	ts or naps		Doesn't do we	ll when out of routine;	
	at the same time				may not enjoy travel	
Strategy:	Halm tham dayalam a gar	atima		K	eep on routine as able;	
	Help them develop a rou	ume	warn child of any changes			

Intensity

How strongly does your child react emotionally?

Scale:	1	2	3	4	5		
Positive:	Easy to live with			Great motivator when positive			
Negative:	May be ignored			Can be annoying to others			
Strategy:	Pay more attention to wh	at they say;		Teach them to self calm			
	take complaints seriously	•			(water play, music)		

First or Initial Reaction; Approach or Withdrawal

What is your child's first reaction to someone or something new?

Scale:	1	2	3	4	5
Positive:	Less likely to get into dangerous situations			Adjusts quic	ckly to new situations
Negative:	May avoid fun or helpful situations				dangerous situations f, approach strangers)
Strategy:	Prepare for new situation don't push too hard	ons;		Monitor	in dangerous settings

Disposition, Mood

Your child's general mood: positive vs. negative

Scale:	1	2	3	4	5
Positive:	May get more attention	from caregivers			Well liked
	if concerned				wen nkeu
Negative:	Unpleasant to be around	d		May be difficult t	o notice true concerns
Strategy:	Ignore negatives and ac	cept child;		Stay aware of	situations that may be
	Teach them manners			troub	olesome for your child